ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 4, 1949, from the State of Arkansas into the State of Missouri.

LABEL, IN PART: "French Creams."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of larval cast skins, head capsules, and insect fragments; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared and packed under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: September 12, 1950. A plea of guilty having been entered, the court imposed a fine of \$50.

16458. Misbranding of stick candy. U. S. v. 31 Boxes \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 29224. Sample No. 54577-K.)

LIBEL FILED: May 12, 1950, Northern District of Alabama.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about January 9, 1950, by the Lovelace Candy Co., Nashville, Tenn.

PRODUCT: 31 boxes, each containing 24 bundles, of stick candy at Paint Rock, Ala.

Label, in Part: "Dixie Bundle \* \* \* 2 Ozs. or More."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 403 (e) (2), the product failed to bear a label containing an accurate statement of the quantity of the contents. (The bundles were short of the declared weight.)

DISPOSITION: June 14, 1950. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a charitable institution.

16459. Adulteration and misbranding of cane and maple sirup. U. S. v. 49

Cases \* \* \* (F. D. C. No. 29365. Sample No. 79606-K.)

LIBEL FILED: June 19, 1950, District of Maine.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 19, 1949, and March 8, 1950, by S. C. Clayton Co., Inc., from Boston, Mass.

PRODUCT: 49 cases, each containing 24 12-ounce bottles, of cane and maple sirup at Portland, Maine. Investigation disclosed that the product contained approximately 6 percent maple sirup.

LABEL, IN PART: (Bottle) "Table Syrup Cane Syrup 80% Pure Maple Syrup 20% \* \* Nation Wide."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), a sirup containing approximately 6 percent maple sirup had been substituted for a sirup represented to contain 20 percent maple sirup.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statement "Pure Maple Syrup 20%" was false and misleading.

Disposition: June 30, 1950. The shipper of the product having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be delivered to charitable institutions for their use, and not for sale.

16460. Misbranding of cane and maple sirup. U. S. v. 25 Cases \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 29199. Sample No. 67413–K.)

LIBEL FILED: May 3, 1950, Southern District of West Virginia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 7, 1950, by the Virginia Syrup & Candy Corp., from Roanoke, Va.

PRODUCT: 25 cases, each containing 12 12-ounce bottles, of cane and maple sirup at Bluefield, W. Va.

LABEL, IN PART: "Virgina Maple Brand Syrup Made From Cane And Maple Sugars."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the designation "Virginia Maple," the design of a maple leaf, and the statement "Made From Cane And Maple Sugars," appearing on the label, were false and misleading as applied to an article which contained no, or an inconsequential amount of, maple sugar or maple sirup.

DISPOSITION: June 13, 1950. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

16461. Adulteration and misbranding of maple sirup. U. S. v. 7 Cases \* \* \* (F. D. C. No. 29327. Sample No. 74503–K.)

LIBEL FILED: May 22, 1950, Southern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 24, 1950, from Towanda, Pa.

PRODUCT: 7 cases, each containing 12 bottles, of maple sirup at Jeffersonville, N. Y.

LABEL, IN PART: (Bottle) "100% Pure Maple Syrup Made from Pure Sap of Hard Maple Wood Trees \* \* \* One Quart \* \* \* Net Weight 2¾ Lbs."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), a sugar sirup artificially flavored to simulate maple sirup had been substituted for maple sirup, which the product purported to be.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statements "First 1950 Run 100% Pure Maple Syrup Made from Pure Sap of Hard Maple Wood Trees" were false and misleading since the product was sugar sirup artificially flavored to simulate maple sirup, and the label designation "One Quart" was false and misleading since the bottles contained less than one quart.

DISPOSITION: June 19, 1950. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a charitable institution.

16462. Adulteration and misbranding of sorghum sirup. U. S. v. 20 Cases, etc. (F. D. C. No. 28893. Sample Nos. 61500-K, 76901-K.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about March 21, 1950, Western District of Missouri.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 13, 1949, by Roy R. McClain, from Little Rock, Ark.

PRODUCT: Sorghum sirup. 20 cases, each containing 6 unlabeled 1-gallon cans, and 42 cases, each containing 12 ½-gallon cans.

LABEL, IN PART: Each case contained 6 (or 12) loose labels reading, in part, "Pure Cane Sorghum."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), a mixture of sorghum and corn sirup had been substituted for sorghum, which the product was represented to be.

Misbranding, Section 403 (b), a mixture of sorghum and corn sirup had been offered for sale under the name of another food, sorghum.

DISPOSITION: June 5, 1950. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a charitable institution.